## **ADVISORY NO. 95**

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## TOPIC: NEW RULE 128.2 CARRIER PRESUMPTION OF EMPLOYEE'S WAGE; EMPLOYER WAGE STATEMENT REQUIRED

TWCC Commissioners adopted the attached Rule 128.2 on July 22, 1993, and the rule was published in the Texas Register. The rule became effective <u>September 1, 1993</u>.

To expedite payment of income benefits, the Carrier is required to presume that the last payment to the employee based on a full week (partial work week is to be prorated for a full week), is the employee's wage until:

- 1. The employer files a wage statement; or
- 2. The correct wage is determined by other evidence if the employer fails to file a wage statement.

The employer is required to file a wage statement with the carrier within thirty days of the date benefits begin to accrue, or within seven days when requested by the commission. Form TWCC-3 is required to be properly completed with certification by the employer.

If the employee was not employed for thirteen weeks prior to the date of injury, a wage statement on a similar employee who performs similar services as defined in Rule 128.3, is required.

Note that the wage statement must certify and include the fair market value of non-pecuniary benefits <u>not</u> provided after the date of injury.

The employee's status as full time, part time or seasonal worker, plus whether the employee was also a student, apprentice or trainer is required information on the TWCC-3.

The employer is required to file a subsequent wage statement within seven days if any information previously submitted changes.

A carrier that fails to promptly begin payment of benefits may be assessed an administrative penalty.

An employer that fails to file a <u>complete</u> wage statement without good cause may be assessed an administrative penalty not to exceed \$500.00.